

AFM Study Guide:

①.

15	23 3 6 7
16	0 0 2 2 3 6 7
17	5 7 8
18	1 3 6
19	
20	6 4
21	
22	8

② histogram in calc.

③ 5# summary

$$\min = 152$$

$$Q_1 = 158.5$$

$$M = 166$$

$$Q_3 = 182$$

$$\max = 228$$

④ IQR: $Q_3 - Q_1: 23.5$

⑤

⑥ outlier @ $x = 228$ (max)

removing the outlier wouldn't
change the boxplot drastically.

⑦. $\bar{x}: 172.9$

$M: 164$ ← is best b/c of
skewness.

mode: $153 + 162$

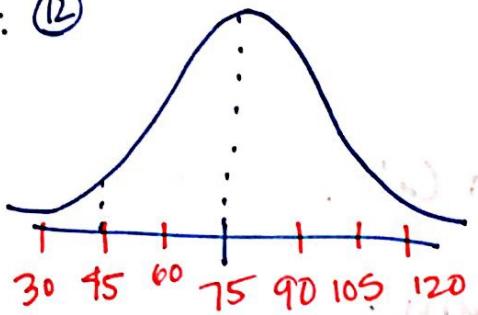
⑧. 1 less would drop our mean & median by 1
std Dev would not change.

⑨. $\frac{225 - 172.9}{20.16} \approx 2.58$ std Dev
above \bar{x} .

⑩. 68% falls w/in 1 SD.
95% falls w/in 2 SD.
99.7% falls w/in 3 SD.

⑪. $\text{normcdf}(232, 1e99, 172.9, 20.16) \approx .00168$

II : ⑫



⑬ $45 < x < 75$

$$34 + 13.5 = 47.5\%$$

$$\text{normcdf}(45, 75, 75, 15) \approx 47.72\%$$

⑭. $P(X > 60) \approx \text{normcdf}(60, 100, 75, 15) \approx 84\% \text{ of } 1000 = 841$
students are expected to pass :-)

⑮. mean

Median is b/w 80-90 (B)

Total : 27

Mode: 80-90 (B)

⑯. Mean will inc by 5 but StdDev will not.

⑰. 5# summary wouldn't change drastically. But the additional test will make the mean come down slightly.

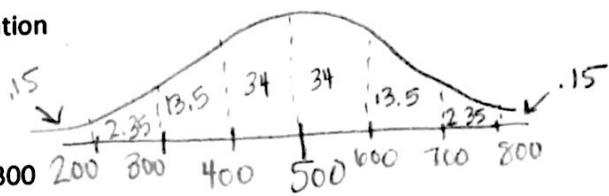
⑱. more variation can be found by comparing range (max-min) and the spread (CD, IQR).

giving various (PPT) Thomas

Univariate Test Review

1. In a certain large school district, the set of all standardized mathematics scores is normally disturbed with mean $\bar{x} = 500$ and standard deviation $s = 100$.

- a. Make a sketch of the distribution showing the scores at each standard deviation. Also show the percents of the scores at each standard deviation



- b. Find the percent of scores that are less than 300

2.5%

- c. Greater than 700

2.57.

- d. Between 400 and 600

68%

- e. Less than 800

$$1 - 6.15 =$$

99.85%

- f. What scores fall within the middle 99.7%

200 - 800

- g. What percentile does a score of 300 fall?

$\approx 25\%$

2. The reaction times of all people in a psychology experiment were normally distributed with a mean of $\bar{x} = 2$ seconds, and a standard deviation of $s = 0.5$ sec.

- a. Find the percent of reaction times that are

- i. Less than 0.8 seconds

$\approx .89\%$

- ii. Greater than 2.7 seconds

$\approx 8.17\%$

- iii. Between 1.6 seconds and 3.4 seconds

$\approx 78.60\%$

- b. Find the reaction time at 69.15 percentile

2.25 sec

- c. Find the reaction time at 13.57 percentile

1.45 sec